Printed Page:-04	Subject Code:- ACSCY0401 Roll. No:
	AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA
	Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)
SEM: IV - THEORY EXAM	ech INATION (2023 - 2024)
	s and Network Programming
Time: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 100
General Instructions:	
IMP: Verify that you have received the question p	aper with the correct course, code, branch etc.
1. This Question paper comprises of three Sec	ctions -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice
Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.	
2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated	
3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches whe	rever necessary.
4. Assume suitable data if necessary.	
5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential ord 6. No sheet should be left blank. Any write	er. en material after a blank sheet will not be
evaluated/checked.	en material after a blank sheet will not be
SECTIO	ON A 20
1. Attempt all parts:-	20
	Nucced within a cincle building or community
1-a. What category of network is typically (CO1)	used within a single building or campus? 1
(a) LAN	
(b) MAN	
(c) WAN	
(d) PAN	
1-b. Which network device operates at the	e Data Link Layer of the OSI model? (CO1)
(a) Hub	
(b) Switch	
(c) Router	
(d) Repeater	
1-c. Which routing algorithm uses inform	nation about the distance to a destination 1
to make routing decisions? (CO2)	
(a) Dijkstra's algorithm	

	(b) Bellman-Ford algorithm (c) OSPF	
1-d.	(d) RIP What is the function of ARP in networking? (CO2)	1
1 u .	(a) Allocating IP addresses	
	(b) Resolving MAC addresses from IP addresses	
	(c) Assigning domain names	
	(d) Determining network topology	
1-e.	What are the two main transport layer protocols? (CO3)	1
	(a) TCP and FTP	
	(b) UDP and IP	
	(c) TCP and UDP	
	(d) HTTP and SMTP	
1-f.	In TCP, what is the purpose of window management? (CO3)	1
	(a) Error detection	
	(b) Flow control	
	(c) Congestion control	
	(d) Address resolution	
1-g.	Which protocol is commonly used for downloading files from a remote	1
	server? (CO4)	
	(a) HDLC	
	(b) CSMA/CD	
	(c) TCP	
	(d) UDP	
1-h.	What is the primary advantage of using UDP (User Datagram Protocol) over	1
	TCP (Transmission Control Protocol)? (CO4)	
	(a) Address Resolution	
	(b) Error Reporting	
	(c) IP Address Allocation (d) Data Encryption	
1:	(d) Data Encryption	1
1-i.	What is the main purpose of a firewall in network management? (CO5)	1
	(a) To block all network traffic	
	(b) To monitor network performance	

	(d) To enhance network speed	
1-j.	What is the primary benefit of data compression in data transmission? (CO5)	1
	(a) Increased security	
	(b) Faster transmission speed	
	(c) Improved data integrity	
	(d) Reduced bandwidth usage	
2. Atte	mpt all parts:-	
2.a.	Name one category of network based on geographical coverage. (CO1)	2
2.b.	Define Medium Access Control. (CO2)	2
2.c.	How does TCP establish a connection? (CO3)	2
2.d.	Describe one key feature of the Twisted framework in Python for network programming. (CO4)	2
2.e.	How does the Domain Name System (DNS) facilitate the translation of human-readable domain names into machine-readable IP addresses? (CO5)	2
	SECTION B	30
3. Ansv	wer any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Identify three network devices commonly used in networking setups. (CO1)	6
3-b.	Describe the mode of communication in simplex, half-duplex, and full-duplex	6
	modes. (CO1)	
3-c.	Describe the basic operation of ARP (Address Resolution Protocol). (CO2)	6
3-d.	Explain the difference between IPv4 and IPv6. (CO2)	6
3.e.	Describe the client-server model in networking. (CO3)	6
3.f.	Compare and contrast the features and capabilities of two popular network programming libraries or frameworks, such as Socket.io and Netty. (CO4)	6
3.g.	Describe the FTP protocol and its role in facilitating file transfers between clients and servers. (CO5)	6
	SECTION C	50
4. Ansv	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Discuss the TCP/IP protocol suite and its significance in modern networking. (CO1)	10
4-b.	Describe the function of common network devices such as routers, switches, and modems, and explain how they contribute to network connectivity. (CO1)	10

(c) To prevent unauthorized access to or from a private network

5. Answer any one of the following:-

- 5-a. Discuss the basic operation of ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) in network 10 communication, including its role in mapping IP addresses to MAC addresses. (CO2)
- 5-b. Explain the difference between static and dynamic routing algorithms, 10 providing examples of each and their respective advantages and disadvantages. (CO2)

6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. Describe the process-to-process delivery mechanism in networking and its 10 significance. (CO3)
- 6-b. Describe the concept of window management in TCP and its impact on 10 performance. (CO3)

7. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-

- 7-a. Discuss the challenges and considerations involved in handling network 10 protocols with different byte order requirements, such as TCP/IP and UDP. (CO4)
- 7-b. Evaluate the performance impact of byte ordering operations in network 10 programming. (CO4)

8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. Describe the challenges associated with data compression in multimedia 10 applications, such as image and video compression. (CO5)
- 8-b. Analyze the impact of data compression on network performance and 10 bandwidth utilization. Discuss how compression algorithms can help improve the speed and efficiency of data transmission over networks. (CO5)