

- (b) Curious
- (c) Good Listener
- (d) Arrogant
- 1-d. Value important for relationship is.....(CO2) 1
- (a) Integrity and character
- (b) Arrogance
- (c) Competition
- (d) Aggression
- 1-e. Oliver is pursuing a study that explores whether sleep affects academic performance. This is an example of: (CO3) 1
- (a) a hypothesis
- (b) a qualitative research question
- (c) a theory
- (d) a method
- 1-f. If you can keep things at work in order and have a neat workplace, then you have great.....(CO3) 1
- (a) Loyalty
- (b) Organizational Skills
- (c) Productivity
- (d) Respect
- 1-g. Some common premise indicator words are because, since, and given that. (CO4) 1
- (a) TRUE
- (b) FALSE
- 1-h. According to the text, critical thinking complement is (CO4) 1
- (a) Our prejudices
- (b) Our emotions
- (c) Peer pressure
- (d) Our unconscious desires
- 1-i. The statements (reasons) given in support of another statement are called (CO5) 1
- (a) An argument
- (b) The conclusion

- (c) The premises
 - (d) The complement
- 1-j. Fallacies can be psychologically persuasive even though they are...(CO5) 1
- (a) Psychologically impotent
 - (b) Logically flawed
 - (c) Deductively valid
 - (d) Inductively valid

2. Attempt all parts:-

- 2.a. Imagine yourself Education Minister of India and propose a solution to expose and help grow unique and untapped talents of children in rural India. (CO1) 2
- 2.b. Define the material culture.(CO2) 2
- 2.c. What do you understand with POV tool? (CO3) 2
- 2.d. Differentiate between Implicit Conclusion and Implicit premises. (CO4) 2
- 2.e. What do you understand by the term Claim? (CO5) 2

SECTION B

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3. Answer any five of the following:-

- 3-a. What is the difference between 'Design the Thinking' and 'Thinking the Design" (CO1) 6
- 3-b. Discuss the significance of Observation in design thinking? Explain different types of Observers. (CO1) 6
- 3-c. What do you mean by brainstorming and explain any ten Do's and Don't's of brainstorming.(CO2) 6
- 3-d. Explain the concept of empathy mapping. Also discuss about the pains in empathy map? (CO2) 6
- 3.e. Define ideation stage of Design Thinking. Explain any two tools used for ideation with suitable examples. (CO3) 6
- 3.f. How you can become a better critical thinker. Explain it with suitable example. (CO4) 6
- 3.g. In the sphere of critical thinking, elaborate some of the consequences of self-interested thinking? (CO5) 6

SECTION C

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4. Answer any one of the following:-

- 4-a. Define immersion. Elaborate the statement "Focus on the subject not the 10

object" with suitable examples. (CO1)

- 4-b. Explain five steps of design thinking. Discuss the significance of "How might we" statements in design thinking. (CO1) 10

5. Answer any one of the following:-

- 5-a. Explain the ethical development model with suitable example.(CO2) 10
- 5-b. Define culture. Give your opinion about the family culture affecting the culture of the society.(CO2) 10

6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. How does design thinking contribute to the implementation of innovations? (CO3) 10
- 6-b. There is a technical conference going to be held at your college. A very nice display is to be put on at entrance incorporating important features. Apply design thinking process for this. (CO3) 10

7. Answer any one of the following:-

- 7-a. What is critical thinking?In what way is critical thinking systematic?What does it mean to say that critical thinking operates according to rational standards?(CO4) 10
- 7-b. Define the term tribalism and explain any two examples related to Tribalism. (CO4) 10

8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. Enlist the components of argument. Also explain argument diagram with the help of suitable example. (CO5) 10
- 8-b. Define logical reasoning and differentiate between deductive and inductive reasoning. (CO5) 10