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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

B.Tech

SEM: II - THEORY EXAMINATION (2021 - 2022)

Subject: Engineering Chemistry

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

1. The question paper comprises three sections, A, B, and C. You are expected to answer them as directed.
2. Section A - Question No- 1 is 1 marker & Question No- 2 carries 2 mark each.
3. Section B - Question No-3 is based on external choice carrying 6 marks each.
4. Section C - Questions No. 4-8 are within unit choice questions carrying 10 marks each.
5. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION A

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1. Attempt all parts:-

- 1-a. In Calculation of GCV using Bomb Calorimeter: Which correction value is not subtracted from the calories obtained? (CO1) 1
- (a) Cooling Correction
 - (b) Acid Correction
 - (c) Fuse Wire Correction
 - (d) Cotton Thread Correction
- 1-b. Which of the following is NOT Secondary Fuel? (CO1) 1
- (a) Petrol
 - (b) Diesel
 - (c) Natural Gas
 - (d) Kerosene
- 1-c. What is the Critical pressure in phase diagram of Water system? (CO2) 1
- (a) 213 atm
 - (b) 318 atm
 - (c) 218 atm

(d) 208 atm

- 1-d. How many grams of CaCO₃ dissolved per litre gives 50 ppm hardness? (CO 2) 1
- (a) 70.56 mg/L
(b) 48.23 mg/L
(c) 81.49mg/L
(d) None
- 1-e. Which of the following is the correct reaction at Cathode in Daniel cell? (CO 3) 1
- (a) $Zn \rightarrow Zn^{2+} + 2e^{-}$
(b) $Zn \rightarrow Zn^{+} + e^{-}$
(c) $Cu^{+2} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Cu$
(d) $Cu^{+} + e^{-} \rightarrow Cu$
- 1-f. According to the convention, the Daniel cell is represented as _____(CO 3) 1
- (a) $Zn | ZnSO_4 || CuSO_4 | Cu, E = 1.1 \text{ volt}$
(b) $Zn | ZnSO_4 || Cu | CuSO_4, E = 1.1 \text{ volt}$
(c) $Zn | ZnS || CuSO_4 | Cu, E = 1.1 \text{ volt}$
(d) None
- 1-g. Phenol formaldehyde resin is commercially known as (CO 4) 1
- (a) PVC
(b) Bakelite
(c) Nylon
(d) Teflon
- 1-h. Identify the condensation polymer (CO 4) 1
- (a) Polyethene
(b) Teflon
(c) BuNa-S
(d) Terylene
- 1-i. Beer Lambert's law gives the relation between which of the following (CO 5) 1
- (a) Reflected radiation and concentration
(b) Scattered radiation and concentration
(c) Energy absorption and concentration
(d) Energy absorption and reflected radiation

- 1-j. Frankel defect is observed in crystals when _____. (CO 5) 1
- (a) some cations move from their lattice site to interstitial sites.
 - (b) some lattice sites are occupied by electrons
 - (c) the equal number of cations and anions are missing from the lattice
 - (d) some impurity is present in the lattice

2. Attempt all parts:-

- 2.a. Give the formula to calculate NCV of fuel (CO1) 2
- 2.b. Why Ion Exchange process is better than Zeolite process? (CO 2) 2
- 2.c. Give the conditions in which Wet corrosion occurs? (CO 3) 2
- 2.d. Write the name and structures of the monomers of the following polymers: (CO4) 2
A) Nylon 6.6 B) Neoprene
- 2.e. What do you mean by point defect? (CO 5) 2

SECTION B 30

3. Answer any five of the following:-

- 3-a. A coal has the following composition by weight : C 90%, O = 4%, N = 1%, S = 0.5% and Ash = 5%. The NCV of the fuel was found to be 8480cal/g. Calculate the percentage of hydrogen and High calorific value. (CO1) 6
- 3-b. If HCV of the coal sample is 7500 cal/gm and % H= 5. Calculate its LCV. Given that latent heat of condensation of steam = 580 cal/gm. (CO1) 6
- 3-c. Water sample was found to contains following salts: $\text{CaCl}_2 = 55.5 \text{ mg/l}$, $\text{MgSO}_4 = 48 \text{ mg/l}$, $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 82.6 \text{ mg/l}$ and $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 43.8 \text{ mg/l}$. Calculate Temporary, Permanent and Total hardness of water in CaCO_3 Equivalentents. (CO2) 6
- 3-d. What are the different units of the hardness of water? Write relationship among them? (CO 2) 6
- 3.e. Comment on the Chemistry of airbags working in automobiles? (CO 3) 6
- 3.f. What are Biodegradable Polymers? Write their types & its applications. (CO4) 6
- 3.g. Explain why metals are malleable and Ductile? (CO 5) 6

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4. Answer any one of the following:-

- 4-a. What do you understand with the term sanitizers and disinfectants? How they differ from Sterilization? Give composition of alcohol based sanitizers. (CO1) 10
- 4-b. Calculate Gross and Net Calorific Value of Bituminous and Anthracite Coal. The 10

composition are : Anthracite coal: C 85, H 1.9, O 4, N 0.6, S 2.3, Ash 5.2, Moisture rest
Bituminous Coal: C 79, H 5, O 4.5, N 1.2, S 2.7, Ash 7.5, Moisture rest (CO1)

5. Answer any one of the following:-

- 5-a. Explain with equations and calculate the quantity of lime and soda ash required to soften 10,000 litres of water containing: 10
(i) 219 ppm of magnesium bicarbonate and 234 ppm of sodium chloride:
(ii) 36 pm of Mg^{2+} and 18.3 of HCO_3^-
(iii) 1.5 ppm of the free acids, 144 ppm of sulphate ions and 71 ppm of chloride ions. (CO2)
- 5-b. Discuss the Ion-Exchange or deionization or demineralization process for the treatment of 10
hard water with its advantages and disadvantages. (CO 2)

6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. What are liquid crystals? Briefly describe the different types of liquid crystals & its applications (CO3) 10
- 6-b. What do you understand by Secondary Batteries.? Explain the working of Lead accumulated 10
battery with the help of a neat diagram. (CO 3)

7. Answer any one of the following:-

- 7-a. Comment on "blending will improve the properties of the molecule", Describe with suitable 10
examples? (CO 4)
- 7-b. What are the Composite Polymers? Give the example of some polymeric composite 10
materials with their commercial application (CO 4)

8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. Describe the different types of Fundamental Vibrational Modes in Infra Red Spectroscopy 10
(IR) and also comment on Fingerprint Region in IR.? (CO 5)
- 8-b. Explain Band Theory of Metals and also discuss the formation of p and n type 10
semiconductors as per MOT with their application? (CO 5)